

The amsrefs package

David M. Jones

American Mathematical Society

Providence, Rhode Island

dmj@ams.org

Dedicated to the memory of

Michael J. Downes
1958–2003

Everything you really need to know

<http://www.ams.org/tex/amsrefs.html>

tech-support@ams.org

What is `amsrefs`?

`amsrefs` is a L^AT_EX package for managing bibliographies and reference lists.

- Replaces and/or reimplements the following:
 - `\cite` and `\nocite`
 - `\bibitem`
 - `\bibliography`
 - `\bibliographystyle`
 - `thebibliography`
- Implements much of BIBT_EX’s formatting functionality directly in L^AT_EX.
- Can be used in conjunction with BIBT_EX or completely independently.

Why is amsrefs?

BIBTEX is a great tool, but in practice it has some serious shortcomings.

- .bib files are highly-structured; .bb1 files aren't:

```
@Book{Bourbaki70,
    title={Th\'eorie des ensembles},
    author={Bourbaki, Nicolas},
    year={1970},
    publisher={Hermann},
    address={Paris}
}

\bibitem{Bourbaki70}
Nicolas Bourbaki,
\emph{Th\'eorie des ensembles},
Hermann, Paris, 1970.
```

- Surprisingly low adoption rate. Only about 1/3 of the AMS authors who use LATEX also use BIBTEX.
- BIBTEX doesn't fully understand LATEX.
- .bst files are weird.

Why should I care? (Authors)

- Deferred formatting.
- Easier to use than BIBT_EX.
- Lots of built-in functions:
 - Multiple labeling schemes (numeric, alphabetic, author-year).
 - Integration with `hyperref` and `backrefs`.
 - Citation sorting and compression.
- Publishers will (eventually) love you for using it.
- Best available implementation of the AMS reference style.

Why should I care? (Publishers)

- `amsrefs` produces fully-structured `.bb1` files, making it much easier to parse references and reuse documents.
- It's easier to create custom styles—no more `.bst` files.

How do I use amsrefs?

Step 1: The \bib-item

```
\bib{KostrikinS1965}{article}{  
    author={Kostrikin, A. I.},  
    author={\v{S}afarevi\v{c}, I. R.},  
    title={Cartan pseudogroups and Lie $p$-algebras},  
    journal={Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR},  
    volume={168},  
    date={1965},  
    pages={740--742},  
    translation={  
        journal={Soviet Math. Dokl.},  
        volume={6},  
        year={1965},  
        pages={715--718}  
    }  
}
```

Here's what the previous item might look like in a BIBTEX database:

```
@ARTICLE{KostrikinS1965,
  Author={A. I. Kostrikin and I. R. {\v{S}}afarevi\v{c}},
  Title="Cartan pseudogroups and {Lie} $p\$-algebras",
  JoUrNaL={Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR},
  Volume=168,
  Year=1965,
  Pages={740--742},
  Note={English transl., \emph{Soviet Math. Dokl.}, 6:715--718, 1965}
}
```

amsrefs vs. BIBT_EX format

amsrefs

- is case sensitive,
- requires braces around all field values,
- allows some fields (such as `author`) to be repeated,
- requires a stricter input format for names,
- is less persnickety about special characters in names,
- is more persnickety about capitalization in titles,
- has a richer set of fields, and
- allows some fields to have internal structure.

amsrefs data fields

Simple fields

address	journal	pages	subtitle
booktitle	language	part	title
date	note	publisher	type
edition	number	series	volume
eprint	organization	status	

Repeatable fields

author	translator	issn
editor	isbn	review

Compound fields

book	contribution*	reprint	* also repeatable
conference	partial*	translation	

Some notable differences: the place field

The year and month fields have been replaced by a single date field, which should take one of the following forms:

```
date={1967-02-24}  
date={1967-02}  
date={1967}
```

This allows the style file maximum flexibility in formatting dates.

For “Winter”, “Spring”, “Summer”, “Fall”, either use 13, 14, 15, 16 (respectively) or just put in the text before the year:

```
date={1987-15}  
date={Summer 1987}
```

Some notable differences: name fields

All names must be entered in the form

von Last, First, Jr.

Examples:

```
author={Arvind}
author={Jones, John Paul}
author={van Beethoven, Ludwig}
author={Ford, Henry, Jr.}
```

amsrefs entry types

- article
- book
- collection
- manual
- misc
- proceedings
- report
- thesis
- unpublished

How do I use amsrefs?

Step 2: Embedding the references in your document

```
\begin{biblist}  
  
  \bib{Bourbaki70}{book}{  
    title={Th\'eorie des ensembles},  
    author={Bourbaki, Nicolas},  
    date={1970},  
    publisher={Hermann},  
    address={Paris}  
  }  
  
\begin{biblist}
```

More about `biblist`

- Automatically adjusts the label width. (No need for `thebibliography`'s required argument.)
- Optional argument for customizing list environment.

```
\begin{biblist}[\normalsize]
\begin{biblist}[\setlength{\parsep}{6pt}]
```

- `biblist*`: resume numbering from where previous `biblist` left off.

How do I use amsrefs?

Step 3: Adding a heading

```
\begin{bibdiv}  
  
\begin{biblist}  
  
\bib{Bourbaki70}{book}{  
    title={Th\'eorie des ensembles},  
    author={Bourbaki, Nicolas},  
    date={1970},  
    publisher={Hermann},  
    address={Paris}  
}  
  
\begin{biblist}  
  
\begin{bibdiv}
```

More about bibdiv

- Automatically generates `\section` or `\chapter` heading depending on document style.
- Uses `\bibname` or `\refname`.
- Use `bibchapter` or `bibsection` if you need to force a particular style.
- Optional argument to override the text of the heading:

`\begin{bibchapter}[Annotated Bibliography]`

- For maximum flexibility, just roll your own:

`\subsection{Further reading}`

How do I use amsrefs

Step 4: Citing the bibliography

L^AT_EX-style \cites still work:

```
\cite{key}
\cite{key1, key2}
\cite[chapter 3]{key}
```

But these have some well-known problems:

- How do you get [1, chapter 3; 2]?
\cite[chapter 3]{key1, key2} produces [1; 2, chapter 3]
- How often have you been tripped up by this?

```
\begin{thm}[\cite[chapter 2]{key}]
```

The amsrefs way

- Single cites:

```
\cite{key}
\cite{key}*{chapter 3}
```

- Multiple cites:

```
\citelist{\cite{key1}*{chapter 3} \cite{key2}}
```

- Multiple cites for lazy people:

```
\cites{key1 ,key2}
```

Author-year citations (1)

\cite{RY77} → (Rupp and Young, 1977)

\ycite{RY77} → (1977)

\ocite{RY77} → Rupp and Young (2004)

The question first arose in systems theory \cite{RY77}

The question first arose in systems theory (Rupp and Young, 1977).

Rupp and Young \ycite{RY77} have investigated \dots

Rupp and Young (1977) have investigated ...

\dots\ for further details, see \ocite{RY77}.

... for further details, see Rupp and Young (1977).

Author-year citations (2)

Other variations:

`\citeauthor{RY77}` → Rupp and Young

`\fullcite{LMC}`, → always “Larry, Moe, and Curly”;
`\fulllocite{LMC}` never “Larry et al.”

`\ycites`

`\ocites`

How do I use amsrefs?

Step 5: Putting it all together

```
\documentclass{article}

\usepackage{amsrefs}

\begin{document}

See \cite{KostrikinS1965}.

\begin{bibdiv}

\begin{biblist}

\bib{Bourbaki70}{book}{
    title={Théorie des ensembles},
    author={Bourbaki, Nicolas},
    date={1970},
    publisher={Hermann},
    address={Paris}
}

\end{biblist}

\end{bibdiv}

\end{document}
```

Using an .ltb file (1)

```
\documentclass{article}
```

```
\usepackage{amsrefs}
```

```
\begin{document}
```

For a gentle introduction to set theory, see \cite{Bourbaki70}.

```
\begin{bibdiv}
```

```
\begin{biblist}
```

```
\bibselect{sample}
```

```
\end{biblist}
```

```
\end{bibdiv}
```

```
\end{document}
```

Using an .ltb file (2)

`sample.ltb:`

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{amsrefs}

\begin{document}
\begin{bibdiv}
\begin{biblist}

\bib{Bourbaki70}{book}{
    title={Th\'eorie des ensembles},
    author={Bourbaki, Nicolas},
    date={1970},
    publisher={Hermann},
    address={Paris}
}

\end{biblist}
\end{bibdiv}
\end{document}
```

`\bibselect`

- Very similar to `\bibliography`.
- Causes L^AT_EX to generate a `.bb1` file.
- Can be used multiple times:

```
\bibselect{file1}  
\bibselect{file2}
```

- Can take a list of files:

```
\bibselect{file1,file2}
```

- Has a `*`-variant that imports *everything*:

```
\bibselect*{file1}
```

\bibselect: the bad news

Does no sorting.

Items will appear in your bibliography in the order they are encountered inside the `.ltb` files.

Using amsrefs with BIBTEX

```
\documentclass{article}
```

```
\usepackage{amsrefs}
```

```
\begin{document}
```

For a gentle introduction to set theory, see \cite{Bourbaki70}.

```
\bibliography{sample}
```

```
\end{document}
```

Package options: initials

Jones, David → D. Jones

Gagarin, Yuri → Yu. Gagarin

Bing, R H → R H Bing

Katzenbach, Nicholas deBelleville → N. deB. Katzenbach

Gagarin, Yu. → Yu. Gagarin

Katzenbach, N. deB. → N. deB. Katzenbach

Package options: citation label formats

- Default is numeric: [1], [2], ...
- **alphabetic**: Like BIBTEX's alpha style: [Bou70], [KŠ65]
- **alphabetic + y2k**: [Bou1970], [KŠ1965]
- **shortalphabetic**: [B], [KŠ]
- **author-year**: Bourbaki, Nicolas. 1970.

Other package options (highlights)

- **abbrev**
 - initials
 - short-months
 - short-journals
 - short-publishers
- **backrefs**
- **bibtex-style**
- **non-compressed-cites**: [1, 2, 3, 4] instead of [1–4]
- **non-sorted-cites**: [4, 2, 1, 3] instead of [1, 2, 3, 4]

Advanced features

- Compound fields.
- Cross-references.
- Field attributes.
- Abbreviations.
- Defining/customizing bibliography specifications.

Advanced features: Compound fields (1)

```
\bib{KostrikinS1965}{article}{  
    author={Kostrikin, A. I.},  
    author={\v{S}afarevi\v{c}, I. R.},  
    title={Cartan pseudogroups and Lie $p$-algebras},  
    journal={Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR},  
    volume={168},  
    date={1965},  
    pages={740--742},  
    translation={  
        journal={Soviet Math. Dokl.},  
        volume={6},  
        year={1965},  
        pages={715--718}  
    }  
}
```

- [1] A. I. Kostrikin and I. R. Šafarevič, *Cartan pseudogroups and Lie p-algebras*, Dokl. Akad. Nauk SSSR **168** (1965), 740–742; English transl., Soviet Math. Dokl. **6** (1965), 715–718.

Advanced features: Compound fields (2)

```
\bib{Burkholder1986a}{article}{  
    author={Burkholder, Donald L.},  
    title={Martingales and Fourier analysis in Banach spaces},  
    conference={  
        title={C.I.M.E. Lectures},  
        address={Varenna, Italy},  
        date={1985}  
    },  
    book={  
        series={Lecture Notes in Math.},  
        volume={1206},  
        publisher={Springer-Verlag},  
        address={Berlin and New York},  
        date={1986},  
    },  
    pages={61--108}  
}
```

- [1] Donald L. Burkholder, *Martingales and Fourier analysis in Banach spaces*, C.I.M.E. Lectures (Varenna, Italy, 1985), Lecture Notes in Math., vol. 1206, Springer-Verlag, Berlin and New York, 1986, pp. 61–108.

Advanced features: Compound fields (3)

```
\bib{Lieber1944}{book}{  
    title={The Education of T. C. Mits},  
    edition={revised and enlarged},  
    author={Lieber, Lillian R.},  
    contribution={  
        type={illustrations},  
        author={Lieber, Hugh Gray},  
    },  
    publisher={W. W. Norton and Company},  
    address={New York},  
    date={1944}  
}
```

- [1] Lillian R. Lieber, *The Education of T. C. Mits*, revised and enlarged, with illustrations by Hugh Gray Lieber, W. W. Norton and Company, New York, 1944.

Advanced features: Compound fields (4)

```
\bib{Zho-fan1972}{article}{

  author={Zho-fan, Z.},
  title={Monomials},
  partial={

    part={I},
    journal={Tot. Math.},
    volume={19},
    date={1972},
    pages={335--350}
  },
  partial={

    part={II},
    journal={Tot. Math.},
    volume={20},
    date={1973},
    pages={19--37}
  }
}
```

- [1] Z. Zho-fan, *Monomials*. I, Tot. Math. **19** (1972), 335–350; II, Tot. Math. **20** (1973), 19–37.

Advanced features: Compound fields (5)

```
\bib{Sokal96}{article}{

    title={Trangressing the boundaries},
    subtitle={Toward a transformative hermeneutics of quantum gravity},
    author={Sokal, Alan},
    journal={Social Text},
    volume={46/47},
    date={1996},
    pages={217--252},
    reprint={

        title={Fashionable Nonsense},
        subtitle={Postmodern Intellectuals' Abuse of Science},
        author={Sokal, Alan},
        author={Bricmont, Jean},
        publisher={Picador USA},
        address={New York},
        date={1998}
    }
}
```

- [1] Alan Sokal, *Trangressing the boundaries: Toward a transformative hermeneutics of quantum gravity*, Social Text **46/47** (1996), 217–252; reprinted in Alan Sokal and Jean Bricmont, *Fashionable Nonsense: Postmodern Intellectuals' Abuse of Science*, Picador USA, New York, 1998.

Advanced features: Compound fields (6)

```
\bib{Tchebycheff1859}{article}{  
    author={Tchebycheff, P. L.},  
    title={Sur les questions de minima qui se rattachent à la  
        repr\'{e}sentation approximative des fonctions},  
    journal={Mém. Imp. Acad. Sci. St. Petersbourg},  
    series={6},  
    volume={7},  
    date={1859},  
    pages={199–291},  
    reprint={  
        copula={reprinted in his},  
        title={Oeuvres},  
        volume={I},  
        publisher={Imprimerie Imp. Acad. Sci.},  
        address={St. Petersburg},  
        date={1899},  
        pages={273–378},  
    }  
}
```

- [1] P. L. Tchebycheff, *Sur les questions de minima qui se rattachent à la représentation approximative des fonctions*, Mém. Imp. Acad. Sci. St. Petersbourg 7 (1859), 199–291; reprinted in his *Oeuvres*, Vol. I, Imprimerie Imp. Acad. Sci., St. Petersburg, 1899.

Advanced features: Cross-references

```
\bib*{STOC5}{book}{  
    conference={  
        title={Fifth Annual ACM Symposium on Theory of Computing},  
        date={1973},  
        address={Austin, Texas}  
    }  
}  
  
\bib{StockmeyerM73}{article}{  
    title={Word Problems Requiring Exponential Time},  
    subtitle={Preliminary Report},  
    author={Stockmeyer, L. J.},  
    author={Meyer, A. R.},  
    pages={1--9},  
    xref={STOC5}  
}
```

- [1] L. J. Stockmeyer and A. R. Meyer, *Word Problems Requiring Exponential Time: Preliminary Report*, Fifth Annual ACM Symposium on Theory of Computing (Austin, Texas, 1973), pp. 1–9.

Advanced features: Field attributes (1)

```
\bib{Li1993}{misc}{  
    title={Fong Sai-Yuk},  
    date={1993},  
    author={Li, Lian Jie}*{inverted={yes}}  
}
```

- [1] Li Lian Jie, *Fong Sai-Yuk*, 1993.

Advanced features: Field attributes (2)

```
\bib{Denecke1982}{article}{  
    author={Denecke, K.},  
  
    title={Pr\"aprimale Algebren, die arithmetische Variet\"aten  
        erzeugen}*{language={german}},  
  
    booktitle={Universal Algebra and Applications},  
    series={Banach Center Publ.},  
    volume={9},  
    publisher={PWN},  
    address={Warsaw},  
    date={1982},  
    pages={391--398}  
}
```

Advanced features: Abbreviations

```
\DefineName{dmj}{Jones, David M.}
```

```
\DefinePublisher{ams}{AMS}{American Mathematical Society}{Providence}
```

```
\DefineJournal{jams}{0894-0347}
  {J. Amer. Math. Soc.}
  {Journal of the American Mathematical Society}
```

```
author={dmj} (or editor={dmj} or translator={dmj})
```

```
journal={jams}
```

```
publisher={ams}
```

Advanced features: \BibSpec

```
\BibSpec{thesis}{%
  +{}  {\PrintAuthors}          {author}
  +{,} {\textit}               {title}
  +{:} {\textit}               {subtitle}
  +{,} {\PrintThesisType}      {type}
  +{,} {}
  +{,} {}
  +{,} {\PrintDateB}          {organization}
  +{,} {\eprint}               {address}
  +{,} {}
  +{}  {\parenthesize}         {date}
  +{,} {\PrintTranslation}    {eprint}
  +{,} {}
  +{}  {\PrintReprint}         {status}
  +{}  {\PrintReviews}         {language}
  +{}  {\PrintTranslation}    {translation}
  +{;} {\PrintReprint}         {reprint}
  +{.} {}
  +{.} {}
  +{}  {\SentenceSpace \PrintReviews} {note}
  +{}  {}                      {transition}
}

}
```

Advanced features: \BibSpec (2)

```
\newcommand{\PrintAuthors}[1]{%
    \PrintNames{}{}{#1}%
}

\newcommand{\PrintEditorsA}[1]{%
    \PrintNames{}{ (ed\Plural{s}.)}{#1}%
}

\newcommand{\PrintTranslatorsC}[1]{%
    \PrintNames{translated by }{}{#1}%
}
```

Future directions

- Internationalization/Babelization
- Tighter integration with BIBTEX
- More styles!